VHR dual specificity phosphatase (human), (recombinant)

Dual specificity phosphatases (DUSPs) are members of the superfamily of protein tyrosine phosphatases. These phosphatases inactivate their target kinases by dephosphorylating both the phosphoserine/threonine and phosphotyrosine residues. They negatively regulate members of the mitogen-activated protein (MAP) kinase superfamily (MAPK/ERK, SAPK/JNK, p38), which are associated with cellular proliferation and differentiation.

Citations: 2

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Ordering Information

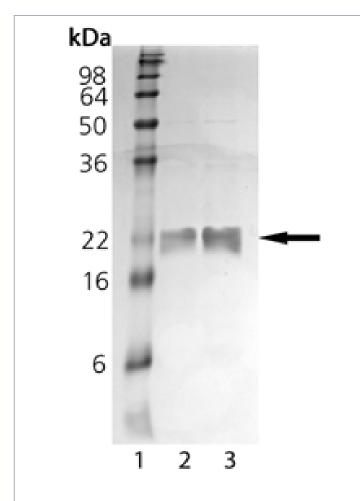
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BML-SE333-0050

50µg

Manuals, SDS & CofA

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SDS-PAGE Analysis: Lane 1: MW Marker, Lane 2: 1 μ g, Lane 3: 2 μ g VHR dual-specificity phosphatase

Handling & Storage

Handling Avoid freeze/thaw cycles. After opening, prepare aliquots and store at -80°C.

Long Term Storage -80°C

Shipping Dry Ice

Regulatory Status RUO - Research Use Only

Product Details

Alternative Name Dual specificity protein phosphatase 3, DUSP3

Application NotesUseful for the study of VHR dual phosphatase kinetics and substrate specificity, and to

dephosphorylate pSer/Thr and pTyr phosphorylated protein substrates.

Formulation Liquid. In 50mM citrate, pH 6.0, containing 0.1M sodium chloride, 1mM EDTA and 1mM

DTT.

MW 20.4 kDa

Purity ≥95% (SDS-PAGE)

Source Produced in *E. coli*.

Specific Activity 11U/mg. One unit will hydrolyze 1µmol p-nitrophenyl phosphate (pNPP) per minute at

pH 6.0 and 30°C. Reaction conditions are 50mM citrate, pH 6.0, 0.1M NaCl, 1mM EDTA

and 1mM DTT, 10mM pNPP substrate. An increase in signal of 3 to 4 fold can be achieved by addition of base to a pH of approximately 9.0 at the end of an assay with

pNPP.

UniProt ID P51452



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