Tranylcypromine . hemisulfate

Dual LSD1 and MAO inhibitor

Tranylcypromine . hemisulfate is a non-selective, irreversible monoamine oxidase inhibitor (MAOI), primarily used in research related to neuropsychiatric disorders. It is also a potent inhibitor of lysine-specific demethylase 1 (LSD1/KDM1A), with an IC $_{50}$ < 2 μM .

Key features and applications include:

- **Dual Enzyme Inhibition:** Irreversibly inhibits LSD1 (a histone demethylase) and MAO-A/B, impacting both epigenetic regulation and neurotransmitter metabolism.
- Epigenetic Modulation: Modulates gene expression by inhibiting LSD1, altering histone methylation patterns critical for chromatin remodeling and transcriptional regulation.
- Stem Cell Research: Maintains pluripotency, enhance chemical reprogramming efficiency, and direct differentiation - particularly into insulin-producing β-cells - making it valuable for regenerative medicine and disease modeling.
- Neurobiology & Behavior: As a non-selective MAOI, tranylcypromine hemisulfate is used to study monoaminergic signaling pathways involved in mood regulation, cognition, and neuropsychiatric disorders.

Research Applications:

- Epigenetic and transcriptional regulation studies
- Neural progenitor cell proliferation and differentiation
- Cancer biology, particularly in studies involving histone modification and gene expression regulation
- · Stem cell reprogramming and differentiation protocols

Relevant disease states include:

 Major Depressive Disorder (MDD): Particularly effective in treatment-resistant or atypical depression, where other antidepressants have failed.

- Acute Myeloid Leukemia (AML): LSD1 is critical for maintaining the undifferentiated state of leukemic cells. Inhibition by tranylcypromine promotes differentiation and reduces proliferation.
- Small Cell Lung Cancer (SCLC): LSD1 inhibition has shown promise in preclinical models of SCLC, where it affects neuroendocrine differentiation and tumor growth.
- Prostate and Breast Cancer: LSD1 is implicated in hormone receptor signaling and epigenetic regulation in these cancers.
- Neurodegenerative Disorders: Due to its MAOI activity, tranylcypromine is also being explored in models of Parkinson's disease and Alzheimer's disease, where monoamine regulation is disrupted.

Ordering Information

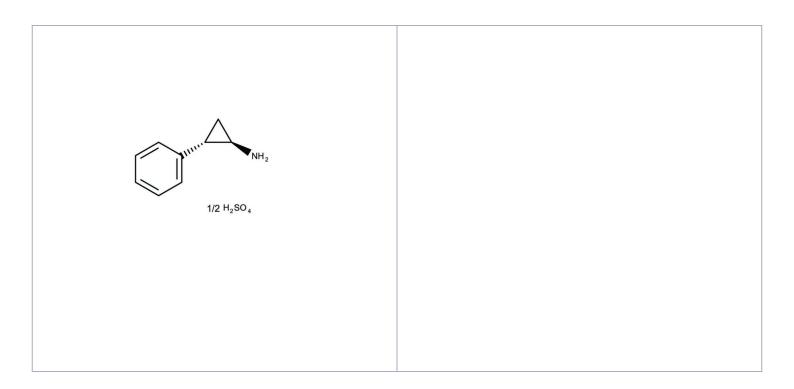
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ENZ-CHM365-0250

250mg

Manuals, SDS & CofA

View Online »



Handling & Storage

Use/Stability As indicated on product label or CoA when stored as recommended.

Short Term Storage -20°C

Long Term Storage -20°C

Shipping Ambient Temperature

Regulatory Status RUO - Research Use Only

Product Details

Alternative Name trans-(±)-2-Phenylcyclopropylamine hemisulfate

Appearance White solid.

CAS 13492-01-8

Couple Target Demethylase

Couple Type Inhibitor

Formula $C_0H_{11}N \cdot 1/2H_2SO_4$

Identity Determined by NMR.

MW 182.23

Purity ≥98% (TLC)

Solubility Soluble in water (up to 25 mg/mL).

Last modified: July 28, 2025

