[pTyr¹³²²]Insulin receptor monoclonal antibody (21G12)

The Insulin Receptor (InsR) is a heterodimeric receptor tyrosine kinase with an extracellular alpha-chain, a transmembrane domain and an intracellular beta-chain. InsR is activated upon binding of the peptide hormone insulin, leading to autophosphorylation of tyrosine residues 1146, 1150, and 1151 in the activation loop of the beta-chain. Additional autophosphorylation sites such as tyrosine residues 960, 972, 1316, and 1322 regulate the assembly of signal transduction complexes.

This antibody is covered by our Worry-Free Guarantee.

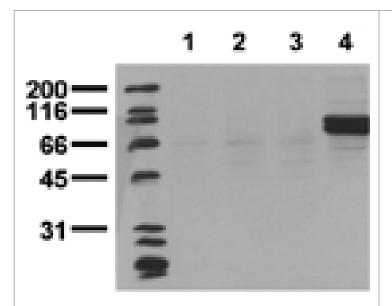
Ordering Information

Order Online »

ADI-905-646-100 100μg

Manuals, SDS & CofA

View Online »



Western blot analysis of MDA-MB-231 cell lysates, untreated (1), Insulin treated (2), IGF-1 treated (3), or pervanadate treated (4), probed with Insulin Receptor (pTyr1322) mAb (21G12).

Handling & Storage

Use/Stability Stable at -80°C up to 1 year, at 4°C up to 3 months.

Long Term Storage -20°C

Shipping Blue Ice

Regulatory Status RUO - Research Use Only

Product Details

Alternative Name INSR

Application ELISA, WB

Application NotesDetects a band of ~97kDa by Western blot.

Clone 21G12

Formulation Lyophilized from 1ml of 2x PBS containing 0.09% sodium

azide, PEG, and sucrose.

Host Mouse

Immunogen Synthetic peptide corresponding to a portion of insulin

receptor phosphorylated at Tyr1322.

lgG1

Purity Detail Thiophilic adsorption and size exclusion chromatography

purified.

Recommendation Dilutions/Conditions ELISA (0.1µg/ml)Western Blot (0.5µg/ml, ECL)Suggested

dilutions/conditions may not be available for all applications. Optimal conditions must be determined

individually for each application.

Reconstitution Reconstitute with 1ml water (15 minutes at room

temperature).

Species Reactivity Dog, Human, Mouse

UniProt ID P06213

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