# **OMNIMMP<sup>®</sup> RED fluorogenic substrate**

## Long emission wavelength reduces background

Highly-quenched, ultra-bright fluorogenic substrate for most MMPs. 6'-TAMRA fluorescence is thoroughly quenched by the TQ3 group until cleavage by MMPs separates the two moieties. The OMNIMMP<sup>®</sup> RED substrate offers key advantages over other MMP substrates.

Citations: 6

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**Ordering Information** 

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BML-P277-0100

100µg

Manuals, SDS & CofA

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#### **Handling & Storage**

**Use/Stability** As indicated on product label or CoA when stored as recommended.

**Handling** Avoid freeze/thaw cycles of solution. Protect from moisture. Protect from light.

Long Term Storage -20°C

Shipping Blue Ice

#### Regulatory Status RUO - Research Use Only

#### **Product Details**

**Appearance** Lyophilized purple solid.

**Application Notes** Useful for inhibitor screening, kinetic analysis, and cellular activity assay.

**Emission Maximum** 576nm; although the following Ex/Em can also be used: 540/590nm

**Excitation Maximum** 545nm

**MW** 1910.7

Purity ≥90% (HPLC)

Sequence TQ3-GABA-Pro-Cha-Abu-Smc-His-Ala-Dab(6'-TAMRA)-Ala-Lys-NH<sub>2</sub>

[TQ3=quencher; GABA=4-aminobutyric acid; Cha=L-cyclohexylalanine; Abu=2-aminobutyric acid; Smc=S-methyl-L-cysteine; Dab=2,4-diaminobutyric acid; 6'-

TAMRA=6'-tetramethylrhodamine]

**Solubility** Soluble in DMSO (50mM).

### Technical Info / Product Notes

- Emission at the red end of the spectrum avoids the interference at lower wavelengths often exhibited by screening compounds, and by substances commonly found in biological samples and tissue culture medium.
- 2. MMP substrate peptides display poor aqueous solubility, often with K<sub>m</sub>s near or above their limits of solubility, making enzyme and inhibitor kinetics difficult. MMP K<sub>m</sub>s for OMNIMMP® RED substrate are below its solubility limit (~2μM in assay buffer), allowing for substrate concentrations higher than the K<sub>m</sub>, a condition generally desirable in endpoint assays.
- 3. In addition to the efficient binding as exhibited by low K<sub>m</sub>s, OMNIMMP® RED is avidly cleaved by MMPs, with k<sub>cat</sub>/K<sub>m</sub>s in the range of 10<sup>5</sup>-10<sup>7</sup>M<sup>-1</sup>sec<sup>-1</sup>.
  4. The high k<sub>cat</sub>/K<sub>m</sub>s and the ultra-strong fluorescence of OMNIMMP® RED allow
- 4. The high  $k_{\rm cat}/K_{\rm m}$ s and the ultra-strong fluorescence of OMNIMMP® RED allow for substrate concentrations much lower than the  $K_{\rm m}$ , a condition generally desirable in inhibitor screening/kinetics assays.

The following kinetic data [ $k_{cat}/K_m$  (M<sup>-1</sup>s<sup>-1</sup>);  $K_m(\mu M)$ ] have been determined in-house. These are approximate only; customer should determine kinetics based on his/her assay conditions. MMP-1 (6.7×10<sup>6</sup>; 0.48), MMP-2 (4.2×10<sup>7</sup>; 0.38), MMP-3 (cleaves well; kinetics not yet determined), MMP-7 (1.6×10<sup>7</sup>; 1.33), MMP-8 (1.6×10<sup>7</sup>; 0.53), MMP-9 (2.3×10<sup>7</sup>; 0.35), MMP-10 (cleaves well; kinetics not yet determined), MMP-11 (does not cleave), MMP-12 (cleaves well; kinetics not yet determined), MMP-13 (cleaves well; kinetics not yet determined), MMP-14 (cleaves well; kinetics not yet determined), MMP-19 (2.7×10<sup>5</sup>; 0.50), MMP-20 (cleaves; kinetics not yet determined).



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