NGAL (mouse), (recombinant)

Neutrophil gelatinase-associated lipocalin (NGAL; also called lipocalin 2, siderocalin and neutrophil lipocalin) is a member of the lipocalin family of proteins which bind and transport small lipophilic molecules. NGAL is released by activated neutrophils and occurs as 25-kDa glycosylated single protein chain monomers, which form dimers and small amounts of higher oligomers, as well as complexes with matrix metalloproteinase 9 (MMP-9; gelatinase B). Low level expression of NGAL in a variety of epithelia may be increased in inflammation or cancers. Expression of NGAL in the kidney is dramatically increased by acute kidney injury.

Ordering Information

Order Online »

ENZ-PRT114-1000

1ml

Manuals, SDS & CofA

View Online »

Handling & Storage

Short Term Storage +4°C

Long Term Storage +4°C

Shipping Blue Ice

Regulatory Status RUO - Research Use Only

Product Details

Alternative Name Neutrophil gelatinase-associated lipocalin, Lipocalin 2, Siderocalin, Oncogene 24p3

Concentration 1000pg/ml

Formulation Liquid. In 0.01 M phosphate buffer, pH 7.4, containing 0.14 M NaCl, 0.5% BSA, 0.5%

Tween 20, 0.0016% Phenol red, and 0.1% Proclin 950.

Produced in E. coli. Source

UniProt ID P11672

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