JC-1. iodide

Fluorescent probe to test Pgp activity

JC-1 is a very sensitive fluorescent probe to test Pgp activity. In acute myeloid leukemia (AML) samples JC-1 is capable of distinguishing between resistant, intermediate and sensitive groups, whereas rhodamine 123 only recognizes the resistant group. As in cell lines, the red emission band (597nm) of JC-1 appears to be more convenient for detection of low-level resistance in AML than other probes, such as rhodamine 123 (529nm) or calcein-AM (517nm). Green fluorescent JC-1 existing as a monomer (λ em=527nm) at low concentrations or at low membrane potential. However, at higher concentrations (aqueous solutions above 0.1 μ M) or higher potentials, JC-1 forms red fluorescent 'J-aggregates', which exhibit a broad excitation spectrum and a very narrow emission spectrum (λ em=590nm). JC-1 stains mitochondria in living cells in a membrane potential-dependent function. JC-1 has been used in a functional assay of multidrug resistance cells and in apoptosis related mitochondrial modifications.

Citations: 26

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Ordering Information

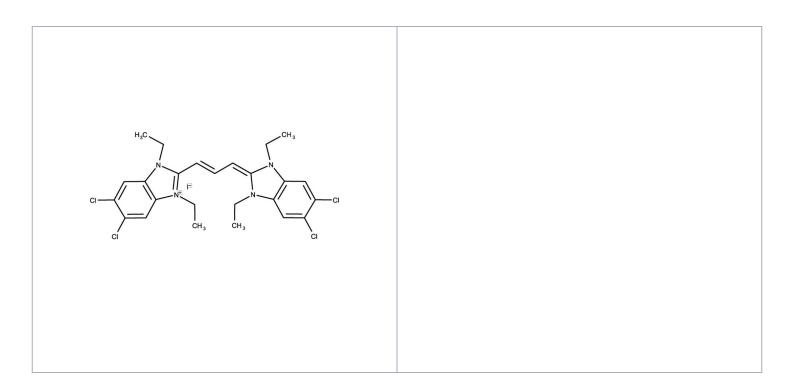
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ALX-620-053-M005

5mg

Manuals, SDS & CofA

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Handling & Storage

Use/Stability As indicated on product label or CoA when stored as recommended.

Handling Protect from light, especially when in solution. Keep cool and dry.

Long Term Storage +4°C

Shipping Ambient Temperature

Regulatory Status RUO - Research Use Only

Product Details

Alternative Name 5,5',6,6'-Tetrachloro-1,1',3,3'-

tetraethylbenzimidazolylcarbocyanine iodide

Appearance Red solid.

CAS 47729-63-5

 $\mathbf{Formula} \qquad \qquad \mathbf{C_{25}H_{27}Cl_{4}IN_{4}}$

MW 652.2

Purity ≥98% (HPLC)

Soluble in DMSO or methanol.

Last modified: May 29, 2024

