GM-CSF (mouse), (recombinant)

Granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor (GM-CSF) is hematopoietic growth factor produced by endothelial cells, monocytes, fibroblasts, and T cells. GM-CSF stimulates the production of neutrophilic granulocytes, macrophages, and mixed granulocyte-macrophage colonies from bone marrow cells. GM-CSF promotes immune system development and regulates neutrophil function during infection.

Ordering Information

Order Online »

ENZ-PRT253-0100

100µg

Manuals, SDS & CofA

View Online »

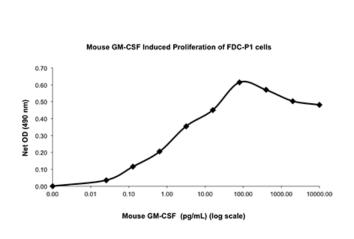


Figure 1: Serial dilutions of Mouse GM-CSF, starting at 1000 ng/mL, were added to FDC-P1 cells. After 93 hours, cell proliferation was measured and the linear portion of the curve can be used to calculate the ED50.

Handling & Storage

Handling Avoid freeze/thaw cycles. After reconstitution, prepare aliquots and store at -80°C. For

long term storage, it is recommended to dilute to working aliquots in a 0.1% BSA

solution.

Long Term Storage -80°C

Shipping Ambient Temperature

Regulatory Status RUO - Research Use Only

Product Details

Alternative Name Granulocyte-macrophage colony stimulating factor, CSF-2,

Pluripoietin-α, MGI1GM

Endotoxin Content ≤1 EU/µg protein (LAL test)

Formulation Lyophilized from a sterile (0.2 micron) filtered aqueous

solution containing 10 mM acetic acid.

MW ~14.3kDa

Purity ≥95% (SDS-PAGE)

Reconstitution Reconstitute in sterile water at 0.1 mg/mL.

Source Produced in *E. coli*. Contains 125 amino acids.

UniProt ID P01587

Last modified: May 29, 2024

