EP400 (human), (recombinant)

EP400 is a subunit of the NuA4 histone acetyltransferase complex involved in nucleosme remodeling, core histone post-translational modifications and transcriptional regulation. It belongs to a family of SNF2-related nucleosome remodeling enzymes (DNA-dependent ATPases). These ATP-dependent motor proteins are major factors of chromatin structure and transcriptional control in vivo. SNF2-related factors have been implicated in a variety of cancers in humans.

Ordering Information

Order Online »

ENZ-PRT347-0050

50µl

Manuals, SDS & CofA

View Online »

Handling & Storage

Handling Thaw and freeze quickly, in room-temperature water bath and liquid nitrogen,

respectively; keep on ice when not in storage; split in small aliquots upon first thawing;

avoid excessive freeze-thaw cycles.

Long Term Storage -80°C

Shipping Dry Ice

Product Details

Alternative Name E1A-binding protein p400, CAG repeat protein 32, CAGH32, hDOM, KIAA1490,

KIAA1818, p400 kDa SWI2/SNF2-related protein, Trinucleotide repeat-containing gene

12 protein, TNRC12

Formulation Liquid. In 20 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.9, 150 mM NaCl, 15% glycerol, 2 mM MgCl₂, 0.2 mM

EDTA, 1 mM DTT, 10 mM beta-glycerophospate, 0.4 mM PMSF, 1 mM benzamidine

and 0.4 mg/ml recombinant human insulin.

MW ~333 kDa

Purity Detail Purified by immunoaffinity chromatography.

Source Produced in insect (Sf9) cells. Human EP400 (aa 2-3040) fused to 6xHis and FLAG-tag

at the N-terminus.

UniProt ID Q96L91-4

