# Cyclosporin A

### **Immunosuppressant**

Cyclosporin A (CsA) is an immunosuppressant that has revolutionized organ transplantation through its use in the prevention of graft rejection. CsA binds to cyclophilin and suppresses its proline rotamase activity. The CsA-cyclophilin complex inhibits calcineurin, a type 2B phosphatase. It is an important diagnostic tool for the characterization of permeability transition-related phenomena. It inhibits mitochondrial permeability transition pore opening however, pore inhibition becomes less efficient at increasing Ca<sup>2+</sup> loads and inhibition is transient. Inhibits staurosporininduced apoptosis in cultured neural cells and rotenone-induced apoptosis in PC-12 cells. Inhibits cytochrome c release from mitochondria. Inhibits nitric oxide (NO) synthesis.

Citations: 36

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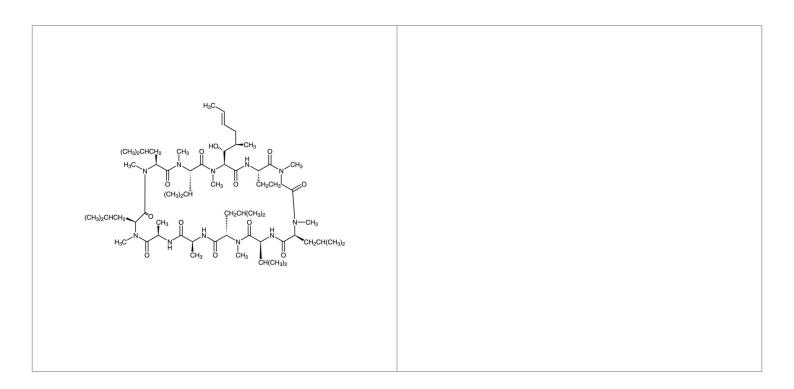
## **Ordering Information**

**Order Online** »

BML-A195-0100	100mg
BML-A195-0500	500mg

Manuals, SDS & CofA

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## **Handling & Storage**

Use/Stability As indicated on product label or CoA when stored as recommended. Store, as supplied,

at -20°C for up to 1 year. Store solutions at -20°C for up to 3 months.

Long Term Storage -20°C

**Shipping** Ambient Temperature

# Regulatory Status RUO - Research Use Only

### **Product Details**

Alternative Name CsA

**Appearance** White to off-white powder.

**CAS** 59865-13-3

Couple Target NOS, Serine/threonine-protein phosphatase

Couple Type Inhibitor

Formula  $C_{62}H_{111}N_{11}O_{12}$ 

**MW** 1202.6

Purity ≥98% (Assay)

**Soluble** in DMSO (25mg/ml), methanol, 100% ethanol

(25mg/ml), acetone or petroleum ether; insoluble in water.

Source Isolated from Fusarium solani

Last modified: May 29, 2024

