# Cathepsin D & E substrate (fluorogenic)

## Synthetic substrate useful for inhibitor screening and kinetic analysis

Quenched fluorogenic substrate for cathepsin D ( $k_{\rm cat}/K_{\rm m}$ =1.09 x 10 M<sup>-1</sup>s<sup>-1</sup>) and cathepsin E ( $k_{\rm cat}/K_{\rm m}$ =1.56 x 10 M<sup>-1</sup>s<sup>-1</sup>). Mca fluorescence is quenched by the Dnp group until cleavage separates them. Activity of the two enzymes on this substrate can be distinguished by the use of *Ascaris* pepsin inhibitor, which inhibits cathepsin E, but not cathepsin D. This substrate is also cleaved by MMP-2, MMP-3, MMP-9, but not MMP-1 nor MMP-13. This substrate is useful for inhibitor screening and kinetic analysis. Ex.: 320-340 nm, Em.: 393-420 nm. Mca-Pro-Leu-OH (BML-P127) can be used to calibrate for Mca fluorescence.

Citations: 25

View Online »

**Ordering Information** 

**Order Online** »

BML-P145-0001

1mg

Manuals, SDS & CofA

**View Online »** 

#### **Handling & Storage**

**Use/Stability** As indicated on product label or CoA when stored as recommended.

**Handling** Protect from light. Keep cool and dry.

Long Term Storage -20°C

Shipping Blue Ice

### Regulatory Status RUO - Research Use Only

#### **Product Details**

**Appearance** Yellow powder

Formulation Trifluroacetate salt

**MW** 1756.0

Purity ≥95% (HPLC)

**Quality Control** Determined by MS.

**Sequence** Mca-Gly-Lys-Pro-lle-Leu-Phe-Arg-Leu-Lys(Dnp)-D-

Arg-NH<sub>2</sub> [Mca= (7-methoxycoumarin-4-yl)acetyl;

Dnp=dinitrophenyl]

**Solubility** Soluble in DMSO (1mM) or 50% acetonitrile (10mg/ml).

**Source** Synthetic

Last modified: May 29, 2024

