Carbonic anhydrase 2 (human), (recombinant)

Carbonic anhydrase 2 is essential for bone resorption and osteoclast differentiation. It catalyzes the reversible hydration of carbon dioxide. It can hydrate cyanamide to urea. It is also involved in the regulation of fluid secretion into the anterior chamber of the eye. Carbonic anhydrase contributes to intracellular pH regulation in the duodenal upper villous epithelium during proton-coupled peptide absorption. Carbonic anhydrase 2 also stimulates the chloride-bicarbonate exchange activity of SLC26A6

Ordering Information

Order Online »

ENZ-PRT166-0010

10µg

Manuals, SDS & CofA

View Online »

Handling & Storage

Short Term Storage -20°C

Long Term Storage -20°C

Shipping Blue Ice

Regulatory Status RUO - Research Use Only

Product Details

Alternative Name CA2, Carbonic anhydrase II, CA-II, Car2

Formulation Lyophilized from 0.22µm filtered solution in 20mM TRIS, pH 8.0, containing 150mM

NaCl and 1mM DTT. Normally mannitol or trehalose is added as protectant before

lyophilization.

MW ~30 kDa

Purity ≥95% (SDS-PAGE)

Source Produced in HEK 293 cells.

UniProt ID P00918