APF

Fluorescent probe for hROS detection

Fluorescent reagent (Ex(max): 490nm; Em(max): 515nm) for the detection of highly reactive oxygen species (hROS). Immediately reacts with hROS such as hydroxyl radical, peroxynitrite and hypochlorite, and the fluorescence intensity greatly increases. Use of APF together with HPF (Prod. No. ALX-620-074) also allows for specific detection of hypochlorite (OCI) to elucidate reliable the roles of OCI in biological systems such as neutrophils. In addition, peroxynitrite can be detected in distinction from nitric oxide and superoxide since APF does not react with nitric oxide, superoxide and hydrogen peroxide. Moreover, APF is resistant to light-induced autooxidation. *Not for sale in Japan*.

Citations: 4

View Online »

Ordering Information

Order Online »

ALX-620-075-M001

1mg

Manuals, SDS & CofA

View Online »

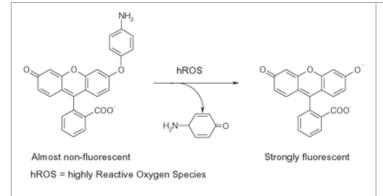


Figure 1: Reaction of Aminophenyl Fluorescein (APF) with hROS.

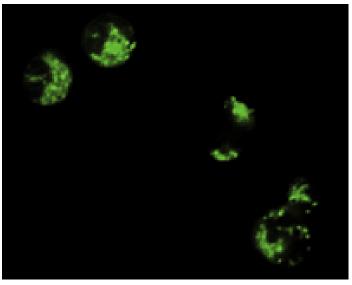


Figure 6: Fluorescence image of hypochlorite (TOCI) which was generated in porcine neutrophils using APF.

Handling & Storage

Use/Stability As indicated on product label or CoA when stored as recommended. Prepare 500-

5'000-fold dilution (\sim 10- 1μ M) in phosphate buffer (0.1M phosphate, pH 7.4) immediately before use. BSA, phenol red and amines may affect the fluorescence and must be used

with caution. Do not store the dilutions.

Handling After opening, prepare aliquots and store at +4°C. Protect from light. Keep under inert

gas.

Long Term Storage +4°C

Shipping Blue Ice

Regulatory Status RUO - Research Use Only

Product Details

Alternative Name Aminophenyl fluorescein, 2-[6-(4'-Amino)phenoxy-3H-xanthen-3-on-9-yl]benzoic acid

Appearance Pale yellow liquid.

CAS 359010-70-1

Formula C₂₆H₁₇NO₅

Formulation Dissolved in 0.47ml dimethyl formamide.

MW 423.4

Purity ≥98% (HPLC)

