5'-Nucleotidase (from Crotalus atrox venom)

5'-nucleotidase (5'-ribonucleotide phosphohydrolase; EC 3.1.3.5) is partially purified from *Crotalus atrox* (Western Diamondback Rattlesnake) venom and is free of detectable phosphodiesterase activity.

Citations: 2

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Ordering Information

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BML-KI307-5000

5000kU

Manuals, SDS & CofA

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Handling & Storage

Use/Stability

As indicated on product label or CoA when stored as recommended. Stable for at least 6 freeze-thaw cycles, but care should be taken that both freezing and thawing steps are done quickly (e.g. liquid N2 or dry ice/EtOH for freezing, rapid finger-rubbing for thawing). Frozen storage of smaller aliquots is recommended if more than 6 freeze-thaws of the entire vial contents (1000µl) are anticipated. Thawed enzyme is stable on ice for at least 2 hrs.

Long Term Storage -80°C

Shipping Dry Ice

Regulatory Status RUO - Research Use Only

Product Details

Activity One U will release 1pmol phosphate per minute from 200µM 5'-AMP, 30°C in a reaction

buffer of 10mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.4, 0.2mM MgCl2.

Application Notes 5'-nucleotidase is useful as the second enzyme in coupled assays of

phosphodiesterases (3',5'-cyclic nucleotide phosphodiesterase; EC 3.1.4.17).

Phosphodiesterase catalyzed hydrolysis of, for example, cAMP to 5'-AMP is coupled to

5'-nucleotidase cleavage of 5'-AMP to inorganic phosphate and adenosine.

Phosphodiesterase activity is then quantified by colorimetric detection of the inorganic phosphate with a reagent such as BIOMOL Green (Prod. No. BML-AK111; see also

Cyclic Nucleotide Phosphodiesterase Assay Kit, Prod. No. BML-AK800).

Formulation Liquid. In TRIS-HCl, pH 7.4, 150mM sodium chloride, 1mM magnesium chloride and

10% (v/v) glycerol.

Quantity 5000kU in 1000µl

